

# Licensing Panel (Licensing Act 2003 Functions)

- Date: 15 May 2024
- <u>Time:</u> **10.00am**
- Venue Virtual
- Members: Councillors: Fowler, Hewitt and Thomson
- <u>Contact:</u> Niall Breen Democratic Services Apprentice

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#### 1 TO APPOINT A CHAIR FOR THE MEETING

#### 2 PROCEDURAL BUSINESS

(a) **Declaration of Substitutes:** Where Councillors are unable to attend a meeting, a substitute Member from the Licensing Committee may attend, speak and vote in their place for that meeting.

#### (b) **Declarations of Interest**:

- (a) Disclosable pecuniary interests;
- (b) Any other interests required to be registered under the local code;
- (c) Any other general interest as a result of which a decision on the matter might reasonably be regarded as affecting you or a partner more than a majority of other people or businesses in the ward/s affected by the decision.

In each case, you need to declare

- (i) the item on the agenda the interest relates to;
- (ii) the nature of the interest; and
- (iii) whether it is a disclosable pecuniary interest or some other interest.

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#### 3 WINE BARREL LICENSING PANEL (LICENSING ACT 2003 FUNCTIONS)

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Tel: 0127329

Contact Officer:	Corinne Hardcastle
Ward Affected:	Brunswick & Adelaide

Date of Publication - Tuesday, 7 May 2024

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Brighton & Hove City Council

# Licensing Panel (Licensing Act 2003 Functions)

Subject:	Application for a Variation of a Premises Licence under the Licensing Act 2003
Premises:	Wine Barrel, 122 - 123 Western Road, Hove, BN3 1DB
Applicant:	Wine Barrel Brighton & Hove Ltd
Date of Meeting:	15 May 2024
Report of:	Executive Director of Housing, Neighbourhoods & Communities
Contact Officer: Name:	Donna Lynsdale Tel: (01273) 292494
Email:	Donna.lynsdale@brighton-hove.gov.uk
Ward(s) affected: Brunswick & Adelaide	

## 1. PURPOSE OF REPORT AND POLICY CONTEXT

1.1 To determine an application for a Variation of a Premises Licence under the Licensing Act 2003 for Wine Barrel.

#### 2. **RECOMMENDATIONS**:

2.1 That the Panel determine an application for a Variation of a Premises Licence under the Licensing Act 2003 for Wine Barrel.

## 3. CONTEXT/BACKGROUND INFORMATION & CONSULTATION

**3.1** The application is for a Variation of a Premises Licence under the Licensing Act 2003. The application proposes:

"The business is located in a ground floor retail unit and operates as a high-end wine merchants. The operators wish to add on sales of alcohol to the premises licence to cater for wine tasting and similar events, to allow customers to sample drinks before purchase or to enjoy a drink at the premises or at the tables and chairs outside.

1) To submit a revised plan to reflect a change of layout of the premises and to add an outside area for tables & chairs immediately to the front of the premises.

2) To add on sales of alcohol to the premises licence.

3) To remove the Embedded Restrictions Numbered 1) Embedded Restrictions from page 5 of the premises licence"

**3.2** Section 16 (Operating Schedule) of the application is detailed at Appendix A and the new plan of the premises is attached at Appendix B.

<b>3.3</b> Summary table of existing and proposed activities
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	Existing	Proposed
Supply of Alcohol	Existing Excluding Sundays 08:00 - 23:00 Sunday 10:00 - 22:30 Christmas Day 12:00 - 15:00 and 19:00 - 22:30 New Year's Eve 10:00 - 00:00 New Year's Day 00:00 - 23:00 Good Friday 08:00 - 22:30	No change (Off-sales) Monday to Saturday: 08:00 – 22:00 Sunday: 10:00 – 22:00 (On-sales)
	Off the Premises only	Off and On the Premises
Hours premises are open to public	Currently no opening hours shown on the premises licence.	Every day: 00:00 – 23:59
Conditions removed as a consequence of the proposed Variation	<ul> <li>To remove the Embedded Restrictions Numbered 1) Embedded Restrictions from page 5 of the premises licence</li> <li><b>1. Permitted Hours</b></li> <li>Alcohol shall not be sold or supplied except during permitted hours. In this condition, permitted hours mean:</li> <li>1) On weekdays, other than Christmas Day, 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.</li> <li>2) On Sundays, other than Christmas Day, 10 a.m. to 10.30 p.m.</li> <li>3) On Christmas Day, noon to 3 p.m. and 7 p.m. to 10.30 p.m.</li> <li>4) On Good Friday, 8 a.m. to 10.30 p.m.</li> </ul>	

- 3.4 Existing licence attached at Appendix C
- **3.5** Cumulative Impact. The premises falls within the Cumulative Impact Area ("The Area") (see paragraphs 3.1 3.1.10).

#### **Representations received**

- **3.6** Details of the representations made are notified to applicants on receipt by the Licensing Authority using a pro-forma. A summary appears below:
- **3.7** 2 representations were received. They were received from Sussex Police and the Licensing Authority.
- **3.8** Representations received had concerns relating to (Prevention of Crime and Disorder, Cumulative Impact, Public Safety and Prevention of Public Nuisance.

**3.9** Full details of the representations are attached at Appendix D. A map detailing the location of the premises is attached at Appendix E.

## 4. COMMENTARY ON THE LICENSING POLICY

**4.1** The following extracts from Brighton & Hove City Council Statement of Licensing Policy are considered relevant to this application and **are numbered as they appear in the policy**:

#### 1 Introduction

1.1 This Statement of Licensing Policy has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Licensing Act 2003 (the Act) and having regard to Guidance issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the act. This policy takes effect from the 4th February 2021. The licensing authority is Brighton & Hove City Council. The purpose of this statement is to promote the licensing objectives and set out a general approach to making licensing decisions. The discretion of the licensing authority in relation to applications under the act is only engaged if 'relevant representations' are made by other persons or responsible authorities. This policy will inform the approach to be taken when deciding applications and imposing conditions when relevant representations are received. It is also intended as a guide for applicants as to what to include in their operating schedules, always recognising that if no representations are received, the application must be granted. The licensing authority must carry out its functions with a view to promoting the licensing objectives and this policy is framed around those objectives. Each application will be given individual consideration on its merit. The scope of this policy covers the following:

- Retail sales of alcohol.
- The supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club, or to the order of, a member of the club.
- The provision of regulated entertainment.
- The provision of late night refreshment.

## 1.2 The licensing objectives are:

- (a) the prevention of crime and disorder.
- (b) public safety.
- (c) the prevention of public nuisance; and
- (d) the protection of children from harm.

#### 1.3 Scope

1.3.1 Licensing is about regulating licensable activities on licensed premises, by qualifying clubs and at temporary events. Any conditions attached to various authorisations will be focused on matters which are within the control of individual licensees and others with relevant authorisations, i.e. the premises and its vicinity. Each application will be given individual consideration on its merit. Nothing in this policy shall undermine the right of any individual to apply under the terms of the act

for a variety of permissions and to have any such application considered on its individual merits. Similarly, nothing in this policy shall override the right of any person to make representations on an application or seek a review of a licence or certificate where provision has been made for them to do so in the act.

#### **3 Special Policies and Initiatives**

#### 3.1 Cumulative impact

3.1.1 The licensing authority may receive representations from either a responsible authority or other persons that the premises will give rise to a negative cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives. This should not, however, be confused with 'need' which relates more to the commercial demand for a particular type of premises. The issue of 'need' is therefore a matter for the market to decide and can, in some circumstances, be a matter for planning consideration; need therefore, does not form part of this licensing policy statement.

3.1.2 **Special Policy -** Cumulative Impact is defined as the potential impact upon the promotion of the licensing objectives of a significant number of licensed premises concentrated in one area.

3.1.3 The licensing authority, after careful consideration, has determined that the concentration of licensed premises in an area of the city centre is causing problems of crime and disorder and public nuisance, and that therefore an approach to 'Cumulative Impact' is necessary as part of its statement of licensing policy. The first Special Policy incorporating a Cumulative Impact Zone (CIZ) and Special Stress Areas (SSA's) was adopted in March 2008. Since that date, the licensing authority has kept the CIZ and SSA's under review. On 15 December 2011 Full Council resolved to expand the CIZ and the special stress area, covering 1.5% of the administrative area of Brighton & Hove City Council. On 20th November 2014 Licensing Committee resolved to confirm the current CIZ and SSA as defined in the current Statement of Licensing Policy. On the 29th November 2018 Licensing Committee resolved to expand the SSA into Central Hove. It is now proposed to expand the SSA into Preston Road and Beaconsfield Road. The licensing authority has published a Cumulative Impact Assessment which can be found at Appendix E.

3.1.4 This special policy will refer to a Cumulative Impact Zone ("the CIZ") in the Brighton city centre, a detailed plan of which is shown below.

Cumulative Impact Zone, January 2021



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3.1.5 The Cumulative Impact Zone comprises the area bounded by and including: the north side of Western Road, Brighton from its intersection with the west side of Holland Road to the junction with the west side of Dyke Road at its eastern end; from there, north-east to the junction of the north side of Air Street with the west side of Queens Road and then northward to the north-west corner of Surrey Street junction with Queens Road; thence along the north side of Trafalgar Street eastwards to its junction with York Place and continuing south-east across to Grand Parade, then south to the junction of Edward Street; along the north side of Edward Street to the east side of its junction with Egremont Place and southward along the eastern sides of Upper Rock Gardens and Lower Rock Gardens; southward to the mean water mark and following the mean water line westward to a point due south of the west boundary of Holland Road; northward to that point and along the west side of Holland Road to its northwest boundary and then diagonally across Western Road to its intersection with the west side of Holland Road.

3.1.6 The special policy will only be overridden in exceptional circumstances. The effect of this special policy is that applications for new premises licences or club premises certificates within the area, or variations which are likely to add to the existing Cumulative Impact will be refused following relevant representations. This presumption can be rebutted by the applicant if they can show that their application will have no negative Cumulative Impact.

3.1.7 This special policy also applies to all new premises licences and club premises certificates, for example pubs, restaurants and take-away establishments. Off licences also come within this policy as they can contribute to problems of street drinking, proxy purchasing, dispersal issues, preloading and excessive drinking and related disorder.

3.1.8 The presumption of refusal does not relieve responsible authorities or other persons of the need to make a relevant representation. If there are no representations, the licensing authority must grant the application in terms consistent with the operating schedule submitted.

3.1.9 Furthermore, this special policy is not absolute. Upon receipt of a relevant representation, the licensing authority will always consider the circumstances of each case and whether there are exceptional circumstances to justify departing from its special policy in the light of the individual circumstances of the case. If an application is unlikely to add to the cumulative impact of the area, it may be granted. The impact can be expected to be different for premises with different styles and characteristics. For example, while a large nightclub or high capacity public house might add to problems of cumulative impact, a small restaurant, theatre or live music venue (where alcohol is not the primary activity) may be considered exceptional circumstances. The fact that a premises will be/is exceptionally well managed with a well-qualified applicant, or that there are no residential premises nearby, will not be considered exceptional.

3.1.10 If the licensing authority decides that an application should be refused, it will still need to show that the grant of the application would undermine the promotion of one of the licensing objectives and that conditions would be ineffective in preventing the problems involved.

#### 3.3 The Matrix Approach

#### The Licensing Authority will support:

3.3.1 Diversity of premises: ensures that there is a mix of the different types of licensed premises and attracts a more diverse range of customers from different age groups, different communities and with different attitudes to alcohol consumption. It gives potential for positively changing the ambience of the city or an area of it. This will have a positive effect in reducing people's fear of crime and in increasing the number of evening visitors to the city centre. The Community Safety Strategy recognises that too many single uses in a confined area and patrons turning out onto the streets at the same time may create opportunities for violent crime and public disorder and therefore supports mixed use venues encouraging a wider age balance.

3.3.2 A "matrix" approach to licensing decisions has been adopted and is set out below. It provides a framework of what the licensing authority would like to see within its area and gives an indication of the likelihood of success or otherwise to investor and businesses making applications.

Matrix approach for licensing decisions in a Statement of Licensing Policy (times relates to licensable activities)

	Cumulative Impact Area	Special Stress Area	Other Areas
Restaurant	Yes (midnight)	Yes (midnight)	Yes (midnight)
Café	Yes (10 pm)	Yes (10 pm)	Yes (10 pm)
Late Night Takeaways	No	Yes (midnight)	Yes (midnight)
Night Club	No	No	No
Pub	No	Yes (11pm)	Yes (midnight)
Non-alcohol lead (e.g. Theatre)	Yes (favourable)	Yes (favourable)	Yes (favourable)
Off-licence	No	No	Yes (Up to 11pm but if in densely residential area may be earlier – see note 7 below)
Members Club (club premises certificate)	Yes (<100 capacity) (11pm)	Yes (<100 capacity) (11pm)	Yes

Notes on matrix

Subject to the following notes, the policy, as represented in the matrix, will be strictly adhered to:

1) Each application will be considered on individual merit

2) Applications within the CIZ are subject to the special policy on cumulative impact at para 3.1, and those within the special stress area to the special stress policy considerations at para 3.2.

3) Departure from the matrix policy is expected only in exceptional circumstances

4) Exceptional circumstances will not include quality of management or size of venue except where explicitly stated in policy matrix.

5) Exceptional circumstances may include: consultation with and meeting requirements of responsible authorities, an appropriate corporate social responsibility policy, community contribution to offset impact (such as financial contribution to infrastructure), community support, alcohol sale ancillary to business activity (demonstrable to responsible authorities and licensing authority, for instance by licence condition allowing authorised officers access to sales accounts).

6) The following licensing activities are encouraged and valued by the licensing authority: outdoor regulated entertainment, community based street parties, members clubs, traditional pubs outside the city centre and non-alcohol led licensable activities, particularly within city centre.

7) Other Areas; consideration will be given to the nature of the area and location in relation to any application. In a residential area for example the concerns of local residents will be relevant when considering applications for off-licences, pubs or cafes, especially if there is evidence of anti-social behaviour, street drinking or underage drinking. Earlier closing times may be appropriate. Regard will be had to the Public Health Framework for assessing alcohol licensing on our website www.brighton-hove.gov.uk/licensingact.

8) In an area where there are already several existing off-licences or where the premises is situated within a parade with another off licence and where representations are received about negative cumulative impact on the licensing objectives of a further premises, the application may be refused on these grounds or restrictions placed on the terminal hour to reflect opening hours of other shops.

9) Outdoor events will be supported where arranged through the council's event planning process. Generally, regulated entertainment in the open air including tents and marquees should have a maximum closure hour of 2300. Earlier hours may be imposed in sensitive open spaces or near residential areas. The licensing authority will have regard to Noise Council guidance.

10) Non-alcohol led category does not include "alcohol in shared workplaces". It is recommended that sale of alcohol in shared workspaces should have a terminal hour of no later than10pm. For further advice and guidance on "alcohol in shared workplaces" please see paragraph 3.3.4-3.3.6.

#### 3.5 Off licences

In recent years there has been a noticeable shift towards more people buying alcohol from shops and drinking at home prior to going into premises such as pubs and clubs. The council is concerned that alcohol loading from off-licence sales is a significant problem in the city and adversely affects the licensing objectives as it gives rise to problems of drunkenness, disorderly behaviour and a higher risk of alcohol sales to children. Representations from the police, local residents and the director of public health at licensing panel hearings have testified to these problems and Information published in the Public Health Framework for assessing alcohol licensing presents a ward by ward analysis of crime and disorder and health data which is relevant in this respect.

3.5.1 The special policy on cumulative impact and the special stress areas apply to off licences as explained in the matrix approach at 3.3. But in general, where applications are made for new premises or variations to existing licences, and where the police or others make representations against the grant of a further licence for off sales, the council will give specific consideration to restricting the number, type, and the hours of premises selling alcohol exclusively for consumption off the premises. Decisions will be grounded in the Public Health Framework for assessing alcohol licensing. The council will want to be assured that the operating

schedule of premises, and their overall management, training and levels of staffing, are appropriate to ensure that the licensing objectives are promoted in what may be challenging circumstances. Retail outlets and stores where the provision of fresh produce is the principal product sold maybe considered more favourably.

3.5.2 The Licensing Authority encourage off licences to join the Council led "Sensible on Strength" scheme to reduce the availability of cheap super strength beers and ciders. Off licences voluntarily sign up not to sell cheap super-strength beers and ciders over 6% ABV and operate good practice measures (see 3.5.3) for which they receive an accreditation as a responsible retailer.

3.5.3 Areas of best practice that may be included in an Operating Schedule include

- the installation of a digital CCTV system by liaison with, and to a standard approved by Sussex Police
- Challenge 25 policy
- Refusals system
- Documented staff training including underage sales, drunkenness and proxy sales

• Voluntary restriction of high strength alcohol - operating schedules may be used to limit high ABV beers and ciders

- BCRP membership (or other accredited scheme)
- No sale of single cans
- Displays should not be located at the entrance/exit points or near checks out

3.5.4 The Licensing Authority and Sussex Police have specific concerns around the delivery of alcohol off the premises due to issues around the end location of delivery, age verification checks (Challenge 25), the increased possibility of the alcohol coming into the CIZ and SSA from other areas, as well as the personal safety of drivers when having to refuse a delivery at the end destination.

3.5.5 Alcohol delivery poses a unique set of challenges as it often transfers the final age verification to a person who has no responsibility in relation to the Premises Licence which authorised the sale of alcohol. A premises licence holder needs to be satisfied that their drivers or the delivery drivers of the third party company they chose to use, have received regular and comprehensive training in age verification and identifying persons who have consumed too much alcohol.

3.5.6 Evidence has shown that customers have previously used landmarks/businesses not related to them as addresses for delivery so that alcohol could be consumed in open spaces/parks. The risk being that this may lead to increased crime and disorder including anti-social behaviour and criminal damage, as well as the possibility that underage persons can gain access to alcohol. Concerns have also been raised about the delivery of alcohol to known street drinking hotspots. Therefore, a condition requiring all deliveries to be to a verifiable residential or business address and a face to face ID verification is vital in mitigating some of this risk.

3.5.7 While the Licensing Authority and Sussex Police recognise this is a growing area of business, new or variation applications to include the delivery of alcohol off the premises will be subject to increased scrutiny. Suggested conditions for the provision of an alcohol delivery service can be found at Appendix A. These are not

exhaustive and each application will be considered on its own merits.

## 3.6 Street drinking

3.6.1 The Licensing Authority will have regard to areas highlighted by Sussex Police that are at risk from alcohol related anti-social behaviour. The nature of these areas can be fluid/seasonal and so updated maps and data will be produced regularly to ensure the information is current. These hot spot areas are considered high risk for street drinkers and the Licensing Authority will have regard to prevention of crime and disorder by virtue of street drinking and anti-social behaviour when considering applications in this area.

#### 3.9 Promoters and irresponsible drinks promotions

3.9.1 The Licensing Act 2003 makes no mention or provision for the use of promoters within licensed premises. Many of the late night bars and clubs within the Brighton & Hove Cumulative Impact Zone regularly hire promoters to sell nights at their venues. In recent years with the introduction of promoters within the Brighton night time economy, several issues have arisen. This includes promoters vouching for underage customers to get them inside licensed premises where they can access alcohol, providing flyers to passers-by who throw them on the floor and irresponsible promotions for their nights. Many premises now have an agreement with their promoter for acceptable promotions and behaviour which includes the signing of a written contract of expectations. This shows premises evidencing their due diligence and ensures that promotion companies know what is expected of them. The contract could include, obligations to pick up self-generated litter, verification of ages of their customers and users of their social media, promoters being over the age of 18 and responsible advertising on social media.

3.9.2 The Licensing Authority expect licensed premises to develop staff policy and training on recognising signs of drunkenness and vulnerability, for example, offering drinking water and tips for refusing customers who appear drunk. And discourage company polices that promote bonuses and sales incentives for selling alcohol. Licensing Authority will expect necessary precautionary processes to restrict drunkenness, e.g. Licensing Guidance states happy hours should not be designed to encourage individuals to drink excessively or rapidly.

## 4 Prevention of Crime and Disorder

The following details and measures are intended to address the need for the prevention of crime and disorder which may be associated with licensed premises and certificated club premises. Conditions attached to licences and certificates will, as far as possible, reflect local crime reduction strategies.

4.1.1 The licensing authority acknowledges that training and good management play a key part in preventing alcohol and drug related crime. The authority expects that all licensees of on-licensed premises attend training programmes which will raise their awareness of the issues relating to drugs and violence in licensed premises, and that suitable training be extended to all bar staff and door supervisors so that drug dealers and users will be deterred from using licensed premises for illegal purposes and that incidents of violence in licensed premises will be reduced. Licensees are also encouraged to attend training programmes to help identify

children at risk and issues of basic child protection. It is the duty of the designated premises supervisor (DPS) to train staff on induction concerning conditions on their premises licence.

- 4.1.2 It is expected that the DPS will spend a significant amount of time on the premises. When not on the premises it will be essential that the DPS is contactable, particularly should problems arise with the premises and that staff are authorised by the DPS.
- 4.1.3 The location of violent attacks, anti-social behaviour and hate crime or related incidents may be used to justify closing times.
- 4.1.4 Measures put in place should support the intentions of Operation Marble (police operational order), which aims to prevent incidents of crime and disorder within the night time economy, at weekends. Operation Marble operates with a view to minimising the risk to the public of being a victim of public place violent crime; to reduce incidents of violent crime and public disorder within the city centre; to deal positively with offences and offenders; to secure and preserve evidence which will assist in the prosecution of offenders and to support the night time economy and the responsibly run businesses within it.

#### 4.2 Sussex Police

4.2.1 Sussex Police have a specific Operation relating to the night time economy called Operation Marble (detailed in 3.4.1) and work closely with partners to ensure a safe and vibrant city centre. There continues to be an increasing demand for resources further into the early hours of the morning with the highest concentration of crimes occurring between 21:00 and 06:00 on a Friday into a Saturday and between 20:00 and 06:00 on a Saturday night into a Sunday. The data set used shows that up to 80% of arrests made in the timeframe 20:00 - 06:00 on these days were affected by alcohol. For full details of these statistics see the Cumulative Impact Assessment at Appendix E.

4.2.2 The dealing and use of drugs remains an issue across the city and Sussex Police welcome proactive policies from licensed premises. A drug safe and seizure recording initiative is in place of which further details can be obtained by contacting Brighton & Hove Police Licensing (brighton.licensing@sussex.pnn.police.uk) .This initiative encourages licensed premises with Door Supervisors to search and seize drugs from persons attempting to enter their premises and ensures that once drugs are removed from persons, they can be safely collected and destroyed by Sussex Police.

4.2.3 Dispersal from the city centre during the late evening and early morning remains a policing challenge. Over recent years, there has been a proliferation of off-licences and late night refreshment venues along the city's arterial routes. This has led to incident 'hot spots' where patrons from the night time economy continue to interact, albeit away from any safety measures afforded by on-licences. As such, Sussex Police support the Council's Special Policy in offering guidance to both applicants and the Licensing Committee in relation to off-licences and late night refreshment licences.

4.2.4 Sussex Police have continuing concerns that, despite staff training in agerestricted sales, under age individuals are still being served alcohol both on and off the premises in some of the city's licensed premises. As such, regular intelligence-led 'test-purchase' operations are conducted to highlight premises where sales are taking place and ensure appropriate enforcement action is taken to prevent further sales. The introduction of identification scanning machines at premises throughout the city has proved successful in mitigating some risk, but operators must maintain vigilance regarding the fraudulent use of genuine IDs. Sussex Police continue to work alongside the Business Crime Reduction Partnership to tackle the problem of those who use false or another's identification to enter licensed premises and purchase alcohol.

4.2.5 Sussex Police work closely with venues and other organisations within the city to protect vulnerable people from becoming victims of crime. As well as work to prevent under age sales, vulnerability training is offered to identify persons who may have been made vulnerable through alcohol or drugs. Sussex Police also support initiatives such as (but not limited to) safe spaces, mobile teams of volunteers actively checking people's well-being and the Beach Patrol.

4.2.6 Public Space Protection Orders have proved an effective tool for Sussex Police in targeting enforcement action in problem areas of the city. It 'allows Police Officers and Police Community Support Officers to remove alcohol from any person in a public place if that person is involved in anti-social behaviour (ASB) or the officer believes that by having alcohol in their possession there is an increased risk of ASB. It is an offence to refuse to hand over alcohol when required to do so.' They have been particularly effective in the day time economy where members of the street community are causing ASB issues for members of the public and local businesses, especially during the summer months where there is a large influx of visitors to Brighton & Hove.

4.2.7 Policing the night time economy continues to provide a challenge and in the climate of limited resources and newly emerging problems, Sussex Police support maintaining the council's Special Policy which defines cumulative impact and special stress and will continue to take enforcement action where appropriate if the actions of a Premises Licence Holder, Designated Premises Supervisor, Door Supervisors or Staff have fallen below the high standard expected across the city. Sussex Police also recognise and support businesses which are aware of their social responsibilities and as such, actively contribute towards keeping Brighton & Hove a safe and enjoyable city.

#### 4.3 Care, control and supervision of premises

4.3.1 The Licensing authority supports the Business Crime Reduction Partnership and other approved schemes. Where appropriate, premises licence holders should be members of the BCRP for the deterrence to violent crime that such membership provides. The BCRP NightSafe radio scheme is normally expected as an operational requirement for city centre bars, clubs and pubs and is an example of

good practice in achieving the aim of reducing crime and disorder and improving public safety. Well managed pub-watch schemes provide information exchange between the premises licence holders and responsible authorities that reduce and deter violent crime and disorder. The council will support a responsible licensing scheme.

4.3.2 The effective management and supervision of a venue is a key factor in reducing crime and disorder, both within it and outside. The police will consider the applicants, objecting to the application where appropriate. The police may suggest crime prevention measures in relation to, for example, the internal layout of the premises, closed-circuit television, help points, lighting and security staff. The police may ask for conditions which support such measures to be imposed when licensing applications are granted, eg type of licence, capacity, operating hours restrictions.

4.3.3 Following the grant of a licence, the management and supervision of the premises, in so far as it might impact on crime and disorder, will continue to be monitored. Particular attention will be paid to any licensed premises where there is evidence of criminal activity or any association with racist or homophobic crime. The licensing authority will keep itself well briefed on the nature, location and type of premises where alcohol related violence and disorder are occurring so it can take full account of the facts and avoid exacerbating problems as required by the Community Safety Strategy. Where licensed premises are found to cause nuisance or be associated with disorder or unreasonable disturbance, the review process may be invoked, and powers of revocation or the imposition of conditions may be considered. Conditions may include use of closed-circuit television, licensed door supervisors and earlier closing times. Such action to restrict the operation may be taken for trial periods to allow businesses an opportunity to remedy existing disorder, nuisance or disturbance.

4.3.4 This policy recognises the use of registered Door Supervisors All Door Supervisors will be licensed by the Security Industry Authority. Mobile security units and similar systems are in use by some premises operators as a means of providing security cover at very short notice at premises which may not normally require a permanent security presence. This policy endorses the use of units following such guidance and standards in appropriate circumstances.

4.3.5 The development of codes of practice and general operating standards for security companies is encouraged for local businesses; premises operators are urged to ensure that security services, when engaged, are provided by suitably qualified businesses operating to recognised standards and who should be working towards SIA accreditation.

4.3.6 Enforcement will be achieved by the enforcement policy appended (Appendix B).

#### **5 Public Safety**

The following details and measures are intended to address the need for the protection of public safety which may be associated with licensed premises and certificated club premises.

5.1.1 The permitted capacity is a limit on the number of persons who may be on the

premises at any time, following a recommendation by the relevant fire and rescue authority under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005. For any application for a premises licence or club premises certificate for premises without an existing permitted capacity where the applicant wishes to take advantage of the special provisions set out in section 177 of the 2003 Act, the applicant should conduct their own risk assessment as to the appropriate capacity of the premises. They should send their recommendation to the fire and rescue authority which will consider it and decide what the "permitted capacity" of those premises should be.

5.1.2 Normally in the city centre, pubs and clubs will be expected to operate using polycarbonate or toughened/shatterproof glass.

5.1.3 Conditions may be imposed in accordance with operating schedules to protect public safety including where justified:

(a) provision of closed-circuit television and panic buttons.

(b) use of shatterproof drinking vessels; bottles requiring use of toughened glass or plastic should normally be required unless applicants can show exceptional reasons.

(c) use of door supervisors, licensed by the Security Industry Authority.(d) requirement of a minimum of a licensed door supervisor for every 100 customers in nightclubs and large city centre pubs or as indicated by risk

assessment.

(e) occupant capacity conditions will be applied where appropriate.

(f) the provision of designated and suitably trained first aiders.

5.1.4 Where appropriate, licence holders or their authorised representatives will submit event safety plans and operating manuals, attend Event Planning Teams or Safety Advisory Groups and similar meetings prior to large events and shall be part of Event Liaison Teams during such events. Due regard shall be had to relevant guidance and publications including, for example: HSE approved code of practice for events

#### **6 Prevention of Public Nuisance**

The following details and measures are intended to address the need for the prevention of public nuisance which may be associated with licensed premises and certificated club premises:

6.1.1 In determining applications for new and varied licences, regard will be had to the location of premises, the type and construction of the building and the likelihood of nuisance and disturbance to the amenity of nearby residents by reason of noise from within the premises, as a result of people entering or leaving the premises or from individuals or groups of customers gathered outside (eg in order to smoke).

6.1.2 Applications for new licences or for the extension in size of licensed premises should not normally be granted if the premises will use amplified or live music and operate within or abutting premises containing residential accommodation except that occupied by staff of the licensed premises. A condition may be imposed on new licences that entertainment noise shall be inaudible in any residence. Noise emanating from within licensed premises should not normally be audible outside.

6.1.3 Installation of sound limiting equipment and sound insulation may be required to

minimise disturbance to the amenity of nearby residents by reason of noise from the licensed premises.

6.1.4 Generally, regulated entertainment in the open air including tents and marquees should have a maximum closure hour of 2300. Earlier hours may be imposed in sensitive open spaces or near residential areas. The Licensing Authority will have regard to Noise Council guidance.

6.1.5 In determining applications for new licences or extensions in hours or terminal hours of licensed premises, regard will be had to late night public transport availability and location of taxi ranks to aid dispersal of customers.

6.1.6 Reasonable controls are available to all premises operators to minimise the impact of noise from customers outside. The council's Environmental Health Department has issued guidance on a number of steps that can be taken in this respect which are endorsed by this policy (see 6.2 below).

#### 6.2 Smoking Advice

- 6.2.1 Premises licence holders will be expected to:
  - Develop a management plan on how to manage smoking on your premises and ensure that all staff are aware of the contents of this plan, and that it is effectively implemented. Noise from people smoking and talking can be intermittent, vary in character and volume and be intrusive. An effective smoking management plan will help prevent neighbours being disturbed.
  - Comply with any planning conditions restricting the use of outdoor areas.
  - Ensure that any structures used by smokers comply with the design criteria detailed in the Heath Act 2006 and that any structures, awnings, retractable canopies, etc. have the relevant planning permission.
  - Ensure any new lighting to outdoor areas must be designed so as not to cause a light nuisance to neighbours and again have the relevant planning permission and building control consent.
  - Ensure that the conditions on the premises licence are complied with. There may be conditions restricting the hours of use of gardens and outdoor areas. Having reviewed the contents of the premises licence you may find it necessary to request a variation of your licence.
  - Licence tables and chairs on the Public Highway under the provisions of the Highways Act 1980. These licences may have conditions restricting the times that the area can be used.
  - Ensure drinks, glasses and bottles are not taken onto the highway unless there is a tables and chairs licence permitting use. A system should be adopted to prevent theft and 'spiking' of drinks and reminding customers not to leave unattended items.
  - Discourage smokers remaining in gardens and outdoor areas and determine terminal hours.
  - Discourage smokers remaining outside by removing/disabling tables and chairs or prohibiting their use after a certain time. Lights and heaters will also be turned off.
  - Introduce a system that after a certain time the number of smokers outside are restricted to a maximum number. Staff will be needed to manage this restriction.
  - Employ staff and/or SIA registered door supervisors to manage doors and control customers and smokers entering and leaving the premises. Staff positioned on the doors can help to encourage customers not to cause a noise problem. It may be that staff are required to manage doors after a certain time, particularly during the hours when neighbouring residents are trying to sleep.
  - Ensure door supervisors maintain order outside venues and protect customer safety. BCRP supports the use of Night Safe. Radio net and other pager systems and pub watch schemes can be used to provide for rapid police response and alert other venues where customers and staff are endangered.

- Position signs to remind customers that the premises is in an area where people live. It is not always obvious in busy commercial streets with flats above. By changing the design and wording of signs customers do not forget. Signs can be located in and outside the premises and on tables.
- Use CCTV to manage outside areas.
- 6.2.2 Licensed premises should normally display prominent, legible signs at exits reminding customers to leave in a quiet, peaceful, orderly manner.

#### 8 Integration of Strategies

8.1.1 The licensing authority shall secure the proper integration of this policy with local crime prevention, planning policy, transport, tourism and cultural strategies by:-

• Liaising and consulting with the Sussex Police, Community Safety Forum, Sustainability Commission representatives and following the guidance in community safety and crime and disorder strategy

• Liaising and consulting with Public and Alcohol Programme Board

Liaising and consulting with the East Sussex Fire & Rescue Service
Liaising and consulting with the Local Strategic Partnership, Safety Advisory Group (Emergency Planning) and Equalities and Social Justice Consultation Forum

- Liaising and consulting with the Planning authority
- Liaising and consulting with the Highways authority

• Liaising and consulting with local business and business associations. Having regard to any future documents issued relating to the Private Security Industry Act 2001, for example liaison or information sharing protocols

• Liaising and consulting with the Trading Standards Team, for example with regard to test purchasing codes of practice

8.1.2 In line with statutory requirements and the council's Inclusion Policy, the Licensing Authority shall have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, and to promote equality of opportunity and positive relations between persons of diverse backgrounds, for example communities of interest such as: lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender people; disabled people; racial and ethnic groups; religious and faith groups.

8.1.3 This policy supports the aims of the tourism strategy, recognising the benefits for the tourism economy of creating a safer and more attractive city centre and improving competitiveness with other European cities. The Licensing Committee should receive any reports relevant to the needs of the local tourist economy and the cultural strategy for the area to ensure that it considers these matters.

8.1.4 The Licensing Committee should receive relevant information relating to the employment situation of the area and the need for new investment and employment where appropriate.

8.1.5 Specific conditions may be attached to premises licences to reflect local crime prevention strategies. Such conditions may include the use of closed circuit television cameras, use of the NightSafe radio system or accredited scheme, the provision and use of shatterproof drinking receptacles, drugs and weapons search

policy, the use of registered door supervisors, specialised lighting requirements, hours of opening. Certificates issued to club premises shall reflect local crime prevention strategies and may include any or all of the requirements listed above.

8.1.6 The licensing authority will have regard to the need to disperse people quickly and safely from the city centre to avoid concentrations which may produce disorder and disturbance.

#### **APPENDIX A – Licensing Best Practice Measures**

Best Practice Measures to be included for consideration, in particular in SSA: Matters that would normally be expected in operating schedules:

- the adoption of a policy (e.g. Challenge 25) with acceptable proof of ID as per existing Statement of Licensing Policy
- all off sales to be made in sealed containers for consumption away from the premises
- a smoking policy which includes an assessment of noise and litter created by premises users
- the use of plastic or polycarbonate drinking vessels and containers, especially in outside areas or after specified hours
- a policy in relation to searching customers and for drugs, weapons, seized or lost and found property
- use of a refusals book for registering attempts to buy alcohol by under-age persons or refusals to those intoxicated
- the installation of a digital CCTV system by liaison with, and to a standard approved by, Sussex Police
- policies for dispersal of customers which may include signage regarding taxi services' telephone numbers and advice to respect neighbours and minimize noise

Items to which positive consideration would be given:

- membership of Business Crime Reduction Partnership, Pubwatch, Neighbourhood Watch or similar schemes
- use of 'Night Safe' radio system or similar accredited scheme
- regular training and reminders for staff in respect of licensing legislation, policies and procedures; records of which should be properly recorded and available for inspection
- records of regular checks of all parts of the premises in relation to drug use
- systems in place to ensure details of barred clients are exchanged with other operators
- giving an agreed minimum notice of special events (screening of major sports events, birthday parties, adult entertainment, etc.) to relevant authorities and use of appropriate additional measures at such events

Recommend best practice for both on and off premises

- Staff must be aware of the risk of the problem of proxy sales and offer assistance to responsible authorities to deter offences
- Signage on premises should set out legal duties

• Voluntary restriction of high strength alcohol – operating schedules may be used to limit high ABV beers and ciders

• Staff training – in addition to personal licence holders training, staff must be adequately trained for duties

- Challenge 25 would be the norm, particularly in the off licence trade
- Signage proxy sale deterrence

#### 5. FINANCIAL & OTHER IMPLICATIONS:

**Financial Implications:** 

5.1 The Licensing Act 2003 provides for fees to be payable to the licensing authority in respect of the discharge of their functions. The fee levels are set centrally at a level to allow licensing authorities to fully recover the costs of administration, inspection and enforcement of the regime.

Finance Officer Consulted Michael Bentley

Date: 07/05/24

Legal Implications:

- 5.2 The licensing authority must act to promote the four licensing objectives which are:
  - •The prevention of crime and disorder
  - •Public safety
  - •The prevention of public nuisance
  - •The protection of children from harm

The licensing authority must have regard to its statement of licensing policy and the guidance issued by the Secretary of State in carrying out its functions.

Lawyer Consulted: Rebecca Sidell

Date: 25/04/24

#### Equalities Implications:

5.3 Diversity is valued and strong, safe communities are vital to future prosperity. Licensing policy aims to protect children from harm including sale and supply of alcohol to children.

#### Sustainability Implications:

5.4 Licensing policy aims to prevent public nuisance and develop culture of live music, dancing and theatre.

## SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

#### Appendices:

- 1. Appendix A Section 16 (Operating Schedule) of the Application
- 2. Appendix B New Plan of Premises

- 3. Appendix C Part A of Premises Licence
- 4. Appendix D Representations
- 5. Appendix E Map of area

#### **Documents in Members' Rooms**

Brighton & Hove City Council, Licensing Act 2003: Statement of Licensing Policy 2021.

Home Office, Revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003, December 2023.

Public Health Framework for Assessing Alcohol Licensing – January 2022.

#### **Background Documents**

Brighton & Hove City Council, Licensing Act 2003: Statement of Licensing Policy 2021.

#### Appendix A

#### Section 16 of 18

#### LICENSING OBJECTIVES

Describe the steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives:

a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e)

List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.

The Applicants shall continue to operate their business in a responsible manner at all times, uphold the Licensing Objectives and prevent any increase in negative cumulative impact in the City Centre Cumulative Impact Zone.

#### **CIZ Statement**

The Applicant Company fully understands that its premises are located in the City's cumulative impact zone, what that means and the measures required to prevent any increase in negative cumulative impact in the vicinity or wider cumulative impact zone. Wine Barrel is a high-end wine merchants which has been retailing alcohol by way of off sales at its current address in Western Road since 1990. The current owners who took over the business and became the operators in 2022, including the former manager, have continued to develop the business as a specialist quality wine merchant. There is no application to increase the existing permitted hours for the sale of alcohol and the permitted opening hours remain unlimited. Additional conditions have been proposed to ensure that the Licensing Objectives are fully promoted including that on sales shall end at 22.00 daily.

The main requests of the variation application are to add on sales of alcohol and change the layout of the premises to provide limited seating inside the premises and at tables and chairs outside for a maximum of twenty (20) covers. Wine Barrel retails a wide range of organic, biodynamic, low sulphur, orange, vegan and other individual wines together with possibly the widest range of niche craft beers in the City and specialist spirits. The business supports local wineries, brewers and distillers in sourcing its range of products. The staff are highly trained, have appropriate qualifications relating to the products they retail, are passionate about their products and business and their focus is on educating customers to make the right choice in their purchases. The Applicant Company are applying for the variation to add the on sales of alcohol to permit wine tasting and similar events, sampling of their wide range of wines, beers and spirits before purchase and to allow customers to relax and enjoy a drink before making a choice to buy them to take home. A food offering of charcuterie will be available. As responsible operators Wine Barrel will only permit responsible consumption in a relaxed atmosphere to a small number of customers. Their range of products and pricing structure will discourage the irresponsible consumption of alcohol which will help prevent any increase in negative cumulative impact in the CIZ. The Applicant submits that taking everything into account that the variation application can be regarded as an exception to the CIZ and

be granted.

b) The prevention of crime and disorder

The following additional conditions are offered:

On sales of alcohol shall cease at 22.00 daily.

No open bottles, cans or glasses of alcohol shall be removed from the premises or outside tables and chairs at any time.
 Appropriate signage shall be displayed advising customers to respect nearby residents, keep noise levels down if sitting at the outside tables and chairs, to leave the premises quietly and quickly and that no glasses or open cans or bottles shall be removed from the premises or outside tables and chairs at any time.

#### Continued from previous page...

All other existing conditions shall remain in force.

c) Public safety

All other existing conditions shall remain in force.

d) The prevention of public nuisance

1) The outside tables and chairs shall be closed to the public at 22.00 daily and rendered unusable. and they shall be taken inside at closing time.

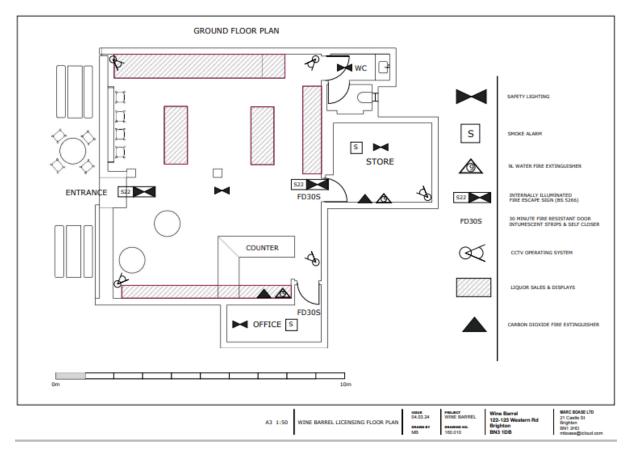
All other existing conditions shall remain in force.

e) The protection of children from harm

No unaccompanied children or young persons under 18 shall be permitted to enter or be on the premises at any time.
 No children or young person under 18 shall be permitted to enter or be on the premises at any time from 20.00 until close.

All other existing conditions shall remain in force.

#### Appendix B





# Schedule 12 Part A

Regulation 33, 34

# Premises Licence Brighton and Hove City Council

**Premises Licence Number** 

1445/3/2022/03209/LAPRET

Part 1 – Premises Details

Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description, including Post Town, Post Code

Wine Barrel 122 - 123 Western Road Hove BN3 1DB

Telephone number01273 770732

## Licensable activities authorised by the licence

Sale by Retail of Alcohol

## Times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

#### Sale by Retail of Alcohol

Excluding Sundays	08:00 - 23:00
Sunday	10:00 - 22:30
Christmas Day	12:00 - 15:00 and 19:00 - 22:30
New Year's Eve	10:00 - 00:00
New Year's Day	00:00 - 23:00
Good Friday	08:00 - 22:30
Christmas Day New Year's Eve New Year's Day	12:00 - 15:00 and 19:00 - 22:30 10:00 - 00:00 00:00 - 23:00



Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and / or off supplies Alcohol is supplied for consumption off the Premises.



#### Part 2

Name, (registered) address, telephone number and email (where relevant) of holder of premises licence

Wine Barrel Brighton & Hove Ltd 122-123 Western Road Hove BN3 1DB

Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)

13909777

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Hikmet Tabak REDACTED

Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Party Reference: REDACTED

Licensing Authority: REDACTED



#### Annex1 - Mandatory conditions

S19; mandatory conditions where licence authorises supply of alcohol

- 1. No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence
  - a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises, or
  - b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended
- 2. Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence
- 5. (1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.

(2) The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.

(3) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either—

- (a) a holographic mark, or
- (b) an ultraviolet feature.

#### **Minimum Drinks Pricing**

- 1. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.
- 2. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1 -

(a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979:



(b) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula—

P=D+(DxV)

where-

(i) P is the permitted price,

(ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

(iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;

(c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence—

(i) the holder of the premises licence,

(ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or

(iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;

(d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

(e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994.

3. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from this paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.



4. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.

(2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

#### **Embedded Conditions**

#### **1. Permitted Hours**

Alcohol shall not be sold or supplied except during permitted hours. In this condition, permitted hours mean:

- 1) On weekdays, other than Christmas Day, 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.
- 2) On Sundays, other than Christmas Day, 10 a.m. to 10.30 p.m.
- 3) On Christmas Day, noon to 3 p.m. and 7 p.m. to 10.30 p.m.
- 4) On Good Friday, 8 a.m. to 10.30 p.m.

#### Annex 2 – Conditions consistent with the Operating Schedule:

#### General:

- 1. Authorised staff employed by Sussex Police in the role of licensing officer shall have the right of access to the licensed premises during hours of operation for the purpose of inspection of the premises and premises records in order to ensure the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- No beer, lager, cider or perry with an ABV over 6% shall be sold at the premises save that this shall not apply to premium beer, lager, cider or perry with an ABV over 6% such as craft or speciality brands or brands produced by a micro-brewery, or brands produced to commemorate a national or local event.

#### For the prevention of crime and disorder:

3. a) Digital CCTV and appropriate recording equipment to be installed in accordance with Home Office Guidelines relating to UK Police Requirements for Digital CCTV System (PSDB Publication Number 09/05), operated and maintained throughout the premises



internally and externally to cover all public areas, including the entrance to the premises. The system shall be on and recording at all times the premises licence is in operation.

- b) The CCTV cameras and recording equipment must be of sufficient quality to work in all lighting levels inside the premises at all times.
- c) CCTV footage will be stored for a minimum of 31 days.
- d) The management will give full and immediate cooperation and technical assistance to the Police in the event that CCTV footage is required for the prevention and detection of suspected or alleged crime.
- e) The CCTV images will record and display dates and times, and these times will be checked regularly to ensure their accuracy.
- f) Subject to GDPR guidance and legislation, the management of the premises will ensure that key staff are fully trained in the operation of the CCTV, and will be able to download selected footage onto a disk (or other electronic portable device acceptable to Sussex Police) for the police without difficulty or delay and without charge to Sussex Police.
- g) Any breakdown or system failure will be notified to the police immediately and remedied as soon as practicable.
- h) In the event of the CCTV system hard drive being seized as evidence as part of a criminal investigation by Sussex Police or for any other reason, the premises will be expected to install a replacement hard drive or a temporary replacement drive as soon as practicable.
- 4. a) An incident log will be maintained by the premises showing a detailed note of incidents that occur in the premises. The log will be inspected and signed off by the DPS (or a person with delegated authority) at least once a fortnight.
  - b) The logbook should be kept on the premises and be available for inspection at all times the premises are open by authorised officers of the Licensing Authority or the police. An incident will be defined as being one which involves an allegation of a criminal offence.
  - c) Any refusals made for alcohol service e.g. underage, will also be recorded (either in electronic or written form) and feedback given to staff as relevant. This will include refusals at point of sale and at point of delivery or click & collect. The log will be kept for a minimum of twenty-four (24) months.



For public safety: None

For the prevention of public nuisance: None

### For the protection of children from harm:

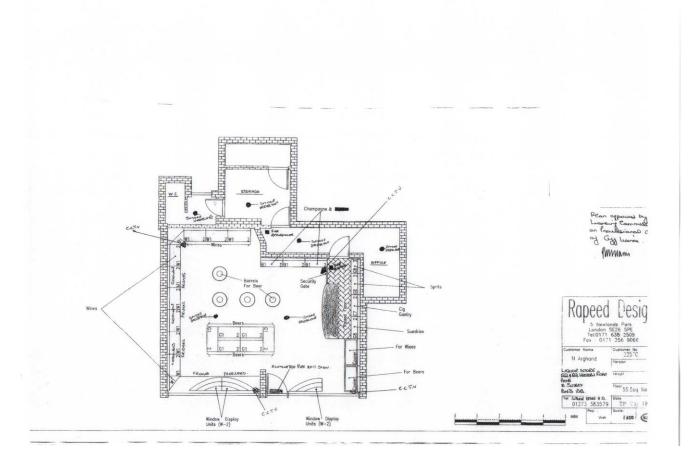
- 5. The premises will operate a "Challenge 25" policy whereby any person attempting to buy alcohol who appears to be under 25 will be asked for photographic ID to prove their age. The recommended forms of ID that will be accepted are passports, official Photographic Identity Cards issued by EU states bearing a hologram or ultraviolet feature, driving license with a photograph, photographic military ID or proof of age cards bearing the 'PASS' mark hologram. The list of recommended forms of ID may be amended or revised with the prior written agreement of Sussex Police, the Licensing Authority and Trading Standards without the need to amend the license or conditions attaching to it.
- 6. Signage advertising the 'Challenge 25' policy will be displayed in prominent locations in the premises.
- 7. a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all staff members engaged or to be engaged, in selling alcohol at the premises shall receive induction training. This training will take place prior to the selling of such products:
  - The lawful selling of age restricted products
  - Refusing the sale of alcohol to a person who is drunk
  - Refusing the sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises to people who may have alcohol dependency issues
  - b) Further verbal reinforcement/refresher training covering the above will be carried out thereafter at intervals not to exceed 8 weeks, with the date and time of the verbal reinforcement/refresher training documented.
  - c) All such training undertaken by staff members shall be fully documented and recorded. All training records shall be made available to Sussex Police, officers of the local authority and officers from the Trading Standards team upon request.

# Annex 3 – Conditions attached after a hearing by the licensing authority - N/A



Annex 4 – Plans

couscie copy.



### **REP A – Police Licensing**

DL CON ENDS 18.04.2024 VALID PCD, PS and CIZ (REP A)

27th March 2024

The Licensing Technical Support Officers Environmental Health, Brighton & Hove City Council Bartholomew House, Bartholomew Square Brighton, East Sussex BN1 1JP

Dear Donna Lynsdale,

#### RE: APPLICATION FOR A VARIATION TO THE PREMISES LICENCE FOR WINE BARREL, 122-123 WESTERN ROAD, HOVE, EAST SUSSEX, BN3 1DB UNDER THE LICENSING ACT 2003. 1445/3/2024/01002/LAPREV.

I write on behalf of the Chief Officer of Police for Sussex to raise a representation against the grant of the above application on the grounds that it will undermine the Licensing Objectives of the prevention of crime and disorder and public safety. We also make reference to the Brighton & Hove City Council (BHCC) Statement of Licensing Policy (revised January 2021) and the Revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (August 2023).

This is a proposed licence variation application in an area of the City which is subject to a Special Policy adopted by Brighton & Hove City Council. The premises lies in the Cumulative Impact Zone (CIZ) (as defined in the BHCC Statement of Licensing Policy) and seeks to vary the following:

- 1. Amend the plan of the premises to include an outside area to the front for tables & chairs
- 2. The addition of the Supply of Alcohol 'On' the Premises (Currently has 'Off' the premises)

**Everyday:** 08:00 – 23:00

- 3. To remove the Embedded Restrictions Numbered 1) on page 5 of the current licence
- 4. To define the opening hours of the premises (currently not written on the premises licence) to 24 hours, 7 days a week

Sussex Police Headquarters	
Malling House, Church Lane, Lewes, E. Sussex, BN7 2DZ	

Telephone: 101 | 01273 470101

Email: <a href="mailto:brighton.licensing@sussex.pnn.police.uk">brighton.licensing@sussex.pnn.police.uk</a>

#### Everyday: 00:00 - 23:59

Paragraph 3.1.3 of the BHCC Statement of

Licensing Policy states:

'The licensing authority, after careful consideration, has determined that the concentration of licensed premises in an area of the city centre is causing problems of crime and disorder and public nuisance, and that therefore an approach to 'Cumulative Impact' is necessary as part of its statement of licensing policy.'

The 'Cumulative Impact Zone' is further covered in paragraph 3.1.6 which notes that:

'The special policy will only be overridden in exceptional circumstances. The effect of this special policy is that applications for new premises licences or club premises certificates within the area, or variations which are likely to add to the existing Cumulative Impact, will be refused following relevant representations. This presumption can be rebutted by the applicant if they can show that their application will have no negative Cumulative Impact.'

Paragraph 14.40 of the Secretary of State's Guidance to the Licensing Act 2003 (December 2023) provides:

'In publishing a CIA a licensing authority is setting down a strong statement of intent about its approach to considering applications for the grant or variation of premises licences or club premises certificates in the area described....Applications in areas covered by a CIA should therefore give consideration to potential cumulative impact issues when setting out the steps that will be taken to promote the licensing objectives.'

The applicant did contact Sussex Police via email prior to the submission of this application and were advised of police concerns around the proposed variation. Although we acknowledge that the applicant has referenced the Cumulative Impact Policy and given a CIZ Statement, they have not made any specific reference as to how the operator will look to counteract any potential crime & disorder or additional harm. They have also not offered a full rationale as to why this application would be an exception to Policy or shown that the changes will have no negative Cumulative Impact.

Although a number of conditions have been proposed within the application, Sussex Police do not believe these go far enough to help reduce any potential risk in a busy and central area of the City.

As it stands, the application is consequently at risk of undermining the prevention of crime & disorder and public safety Licensing Objectives. Furthermore, Sussex Police contend that the carrying on of additional licensable activity and the hours applied for at these premises will add to the existing negative cumulative effect in an area already saturated with licensed premises.

Therefore, Sussex Police invite the Licensing Authority to seriously consider

refusing this application.

Yours sincerely,

### Insp Mark Redbourn

Operations (inc. Licensing) Chief Inspector Brighton & Hove Division Sussex Police

Please address all future correspondence to Brighton & Hove Licensing Unit, Police Station, John Street, Brighton, BN2 0LA.

## REP B – Licensing Team

DL CON ENDS 18.04.2024 VALID PCD, PPN and CIZ (REP B)

Donna Lynsdale	Date:	15 <sup>th</sup> April 2024	
Licensing Authority Brighton & Hove City Council	Our Ref:	2024/00667/LICREP/EH	
Bartholomew House	Phone:	REDACTED	
Bartholomew Square	Email:	REDACTED	
Brighton			
BN11JP			

Dear Donna Lynsdale

### <u>Licensing Act 2003</u> <u>Representation to the application for a variation of a Premises Licence</u> <u>Wine Barrel, 122 – 123 Western Road, Hove, BN3 1DB – 2024/01002/LAPREV</u>

I write to make a representation on behalf of the Council's Licensing Team, in their capacity as a responsible authority, in relation to the above application for a variation of a Premises Licence submitted by Wine Barrel Brighton & Hove Ltd. The application seeks to add the licensable activity of the sale of alcohol on the premises from 08:00 until 22:00 on Mondays to Saturdays and from 10:00 until 22:00 on Sundays.

This representation is made as the Licensing Team has concerns that the application could have a negative impact on the licensing objectives of the Prevention of Crime and Disorder and the Prevention of Public Nuisance, and that this application falls within our Cumulative Impact Zone (CIZ) and is contrary to our Statement of Licensing Policy (SoLP).

As mentioned above, this premises sits within the CIZ, which, as stated in our SoLP is deemed an area of special concern in terms of the levels of crime and disorder and nuisance experienced within it. The effect of this special policy is that applications for new premises licences or variations which are likely to add to the existing Cumulative Impact, will be refused following relevant representations. This presumption can be rebutted by the applicant if they can show that their application will have no negative Cumulative Impact.

On looking at the application form, particularly section 16 (licensing objectives), the applicant has acknowledged that the premises are located within the CIZ area. However, I do not feel that they have demonstrated exceptional circumstances to depart from our policy or how they will not add to the existing cumulative impact of the area.

The Council's Statement of Licensing Policy also includes a Matrix approach for licensing decisions with provisions for a terminal hour for all classes of licensed premises in a particular area. The Matrix Model recognises the diverse operation and different risks presented by different classes of licensed premises. It provides a vision of what the licensing authority would like to see within its area and gives an indication of likelihood of success or otherwise to investors and local businesses making applications.

On reviewing the application, the applicant has stated that "The operators wish to add on sales of alcohol to the premises licence to cater for wine tasting and similar events, to allow customers to sample drinks before purchase or to enjoy a drink at the premises or at the tables and chairs outside".

However, in the proposed operating schedule there are no conditions offered by the applicant to restrict on sales to these specific type of events which means the premises could operate similar to a pub. I have contacted the applicant to seek clarification on this point but to date have not received a response.

In regard to the Matrix policy, I can again not see any offered exceptional circumstances for departing from the Matrix policy, where it clearly indicates that a 'Pub' in the CIZ is a 'No'. The Licensing Team contend that the Matrix policy relates to both new and variation applications. Each application is still considered on its individual merit and there is discretion to depart from the Matrix approach policy in exceptional circumstances.

The Licensing Team make this representation to uphold our Statement of Licensing Policy. The CIZ is predicated on too much alcohol being available and, as previously stated, applications to vary a premises licence will be refused unless the applicant can demonstrate exceptional circumstances. I do not believe that the applicant has demonstrated that there are exceptional circumstances to justify departing from the Policy. I feel that this application should be considered and determined by a Licensing Panel.

Yours faithfully

REDACTED

Corinne Hardcastle Licensing Officer Licensing Team

# Appendix E

